DYNAMOMETER DATA SHEET
(Version 1.0)

MODELS:

DB3B-3.75-FM    DB3M-3.75-FM
DB3B-3.75-BM    DB3M-3.75-BM

Max continuous power dissipation: 1.65 HP (1,230 watts)
Max 30 second power dissipation: 2.0 HP (1,492 watts)
Max continuous brake torque: 270 in-oz. (191 N-cm)
Max brake speed: 15,000 RPM
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1. OVERVIEW

This data sheet is a reference for the performance specifications of the dynamometer models listed on the cover page.

The MBS dynamometers may be used to test just about any type of motor (i.e. electric, hydraulic, pneumatic, reciprocating). Types of testing include: endurance testing, speed versus torque curves, measure stall torque, efficiency, temperature rise, performance verification, etc. MBS dynamometers are sold as complete systems (shown in image below) that include: the dynamometer, controller, computer with software, calibration weight, manual and all cables. Our systems do not require annual fees, licenses or permits. The software is user friendly, is very configurable (i.e. changing units, display scale limits, data acquisition rate, etc.) and has some safety precautions build in to prevent damage to the motor under test and/or the system (i.e. brake temperature sensor, setting current limit, setting power limit, trigger input signals).

The nomenclature of the dynamometer part number is described at the end of this document. The power dissipation rating for this system is located on the bottom of the cover page. This data sheet may also be used to determine the best configuration for a system.

Dynamometers, or more specifically the size of the brakes for the dynamometers, are selected based on the required power dissipation and required torque.
A belt coupled system will provide a much broader range of torque supplied to the motor under test, which makes a dynamometer more cost effective and diverse than a direct drive system.

The location of the load cell is optional but must be decided prior to purchasing a dynamometer. Placing the load cell so that it measures the torque of the motor (i.e. Model DB3M-3.75-FM) may provide the most accurate torque readings; however, the range of torque that the system can measure is limited to the maximum load of the load cell and the accuracy at low loads; this can be seen in Section 3, Torque and Speed Output to Motor and Section 5, Load Cell Accuracy Plots.

Alternatively, placing the load cell so that it measures the torque of the brake (i.e. Model DB3B-3.75-FM) allows a much broader range of load torque to the motor; however, now the load cell will not measure belt friction, bearing friction and any other minor losses. Bearing friction is usually negligible and a properly aligned belt may have an efficiency as high as 98%. When measuring the brake torque, the air drag from the brake is not measured; however, the dynamometer software compensates for the air drag.

The motor torque, speed, voltage and current ranges (and types; i.e. DC, AC, AC-3ph) need to be specified when purchasing a dynamometer in order to select the limits for the instrumentation. The following performance specifications for load cells, transducers, etc. are based on vendor specifications.
2. SPEED vs. TORQUE CURVE – MB-3.75 BRAKE
3. TORQUE & SPEED OUTPUT TO MOTOR
Possible speed/torque combinations based on different pulley ratios:

3.1 Pulley Ratio’s (English Units)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Motor Torque (in-oz.)</th>
<th>Power (HP)</th>
<th>Pulley Ratio (motor/brake)</th>
<th>Brake Torque (in-oz.)</th>
<th>Brake_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Time (sec)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>720</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>1.09</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>840</td>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>1.78</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>560</td>
<td>1.65</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>760</td>
<td>2.26</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1: Speed, Torque & Power (English Units) 1:4 ratio

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Motor Torque (in-oz.)</th>
<th>Power (HP)</th>
<th>Pulley Ratio (motor/brake)</th>
<th>Brake Torque (in-oz.)</th>
<th>Brake_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Time (sec)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>1.09</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>1.78</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>1.65</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>2.26</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2: Speed, Torque & Power (English Units) 1:1 ratio

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Motor Torque (in-oz.)</th>
<th>Power (HP)</th>
<th>Pulley Ratio (motor/brake)</th>
<th>Brake Torque (in-oz.)</th>
<th>Brake_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Time (sec)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1:4</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17,000*</td>
<td>68.75</td>
<td>1.14</td>
<td>1:4</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>4,250</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3: Speed, Torque & Power (English Units) 4:1 ratio

The table is based on the performance graph for the MBZ-3.75 Brake, shown in Section 2.
* Maximum speed is limited to the physical speed limits of the pulleys and belt.
### 3.2 Pulley Ratio's (SI Units)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Motor Torque (Ncm)</th>
<th>Power (watts)</th>
<th>Pulley Ratio (motor/brake)</th>
<th>Brake Torque (Ncm)</th>
<th>Brake_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Time (sec)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>508</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>777</td>
<td>813</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>194</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>593</td>
<td>932</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>847</td>
<td>1,328</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>212</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>395</td>
<td>1,231</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>537</td>
<td>1,678</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 4: Speed, Torque & Power (SI Units) 4:1 Pulley Ratio**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Motor Torque (Ncm)</th>
<th>Power (watts)</th>
<th>Pulley Ratio (motor/brake)</th>
<th>Brake Torque (Ncm)</th>
<th>Brake_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Time (sec)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1:4</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>194</td>
<td>813</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>194</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>932</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>212</td>
<td>1,328</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>212</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>1,231</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>1,678</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 5: Speed, Torque & Power (SI Units) 1:1 Pulley Ratio**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Motor Torque (Ncm)</th>
<th>Power (watts)</th>
<th>Pulley Ratio (motor/brake)</th>
<th>Brake Torque (Ncm)</th>
<th>Brake_Spd (RPM)</th>
<th>Time (sec)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>31.8</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1:4</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17,000*</td>
<td>48.5</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>1:4</td>
<td>194</td>
<td>4,250</td>
<td>cont.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 6: Speed, Torque & Power (SI Units) 1:4 Pulley Ratio**

The table is based on the performance graph for the MBZ-3.75 Brake, shown in Section 2.

* Maximum speed is limited to the physical speed limits of the pulleys and belt.
4. **LOAD CELL - OPTION 1: DB3B-3.75-FM (Measure Brake Torque)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Load Cell Load Rating</td>
<td>212 oz. (6 kg)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arm Length</td>
<td>1.5 inches (3.81 cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Rated torque to Load Cell</td>
<td>318 in-oz. (224 N-cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Brake Torque</td>
<td>67 in-oz. (47.3 N-cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Torque to Load Cell</td>
<td>67 in-oz. (47.3 N-cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Linearity</td>
<td>0.1% of Rated Output (R.O.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hysteresis</td>
<td>0.1% of R.O.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Repeatability</td>
<td>0.05% of R.O.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zero Balance</td>
<td>±1% mV/V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensated Temperature Range</td>
<td>14°F to 104°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safe Temperature Range</td>
<td>14°F to 140°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Effect on Output</td>
<td>0.01% of Load/°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Effect on Zero</td>
<td>0.01% of Load/°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safe Overload</td>
<td>200% of R.O.*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. **LOAD CELL - OPTION 2: DB3M-3.75-FM (Measure Motor Torque)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Load Cell Load Rating</td>
<td>212 oz. (6 kg)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arm Length</td>
<td>1.5 inches (3.81 cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Rated torque to Load Cell</td>
<td>318 in-oz. (224 N-cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Brake Torque</td>
<td>67 in-oz. (47.3 N-cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Torque to Load Cell (4:1 ratio)</td>
<td>268 in-oz. (189 N-cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Linearity</td>
<td>0.1% of Rated Output (R.O.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hysteresis</td>
<td>0.1% of R.O.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Repeatability</td>
<td>0.05% of R.O.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zero Balance</td>
<td>±1% mV/V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensated Temperature Range</td>
<td>14°F to 104°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safe Temperature Range</td>
<td>14°F to 140°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Effect on Output</td>
<td>0.01% of Load/°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Effect on Zero</td>
<td>0.01% of Load/°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safe Overload</td>
<td>200% of R.O.*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Hard stops are in place to help prevent damage from over-load.

The Torque Error plots, 5.1 through 5.2, show the percentage error as a function of measured torque. These plots show the range that a load cell will accurately measure. The maximum torque to the motor is based on the pulley ratio selected for belt coupled systems. The error plot is based on published data from the vendor for the load cell.
5.1 Load Cell Accuracy Plot – Brake Torque (in-oz.)

Load Cell = 212-oz
Arm = 0.15 (in)
Rated Load Cell Torque = 317 in-oz
Max Brake Torque - 1 Brake = 300 in-oz
Max Stall Brake Torque = 180 in-oz

Torque (in-oz)

 vend 2019 Inc.
5.2 Load Cell Accuracy Plot – Brake Torque (Nm)

Load Cell Accuracy Plot

- **Load Cell**: 6-kg (212 oz.)
- **Arm**: 3.811 cm
- **Max. T**: 224 N-cm

**Brake Torque (Nm)**

- 224 N-cm Rated Load Cell Torque
- 212 N-cm Max Brake Torque
- 127 N-cm Max Stall Brake Torque
- 13.45 N-cm
- 6.73 N-cm
- 4.48 N-cm
- 3.36 N-cm

Error (%) vs. Torque (N-cm)
6. SPEED MEASUREMENT
A standard brake has five magnets (alternative quantity are optional) which trigger a hall effect sensor. The speed is averaged over one revolution of the brake. A 48-MHZ clock is used to measure the time between magnets.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
<th>Min.</th>
<th>Typ.</th>
<th>Max.</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clock Error</td>
<td>~25°C</td>
<td>±30</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>PPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-10°C to 60°C</td>
<td>±50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>PPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-40°C to 85°C</td>
<td>±100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>PPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake Speed</td>
<td>5 magnets</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
<td>180*</td>
<td>KPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30 magnets</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>30*</td>
<td>KPM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Theoretical speed; actual maximum speed is limited to the speed of the brake.

7. DATA SAMPLING
Sampling is the frequency of measuring and recording data; this rate is adjustable by the operator.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
<th>Min.</th>
<th>Typ.</th>
<th>Max.</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sampling Rate</td>
<td>2.3 GHz Proc.</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
<td>ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

i.e. 50 ms = 20 samples (or readings) per second.

8. LAPTOP COMPUTER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
<th>Min.</th>
<th>Typ.</th>
<th>Max.</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Processor</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>GHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memory</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>GB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display</td>
<td>LED LCD</td>
<td>15.6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>inches</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. POWER REQUIREMENTS
The MBS Dynamometer requires two 115 or 230 VAC power outlets: one for the laptop computer and one for the controller. The brakes in the dynamometer structure receive power from the controller.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Freq.</th>
<th># Plugs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Controller</td>
<td>115/230 VAC</td>
<td>1.1/0.6</td>
<td>50/60</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laptop</td>
<td>110-240 VAC</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>50/60</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dynamometer</td>
<td>24 VDC</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>none</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. **DC VOLTAGE TRANSDUCERS**

10.1 **Input**
- Range ........................................... 0 VDC to: 1, 5, 10, 50, 150, 200 up to 600 VDC
- Overload ........................................ 2x voltage range selected
- Frequency Range ............................ DC only

10.2 **Output**
- Basic Accuracy ............................... 1.0%
- Linearity ....................................... 10% to 100% F.S.
- Thermal Drift ................................. 500 PPM/°C
- Response Time ............................... 250 ms

10.3 **Environmental and Physical Characteristics**
- Operating Temperature .................... 0°C to +50°C
- Insulation Category ......................... CAT II
- Vibration Tested to ......................... IEC 60068-2-6, 1995
- Pollution Degree .............................. 2
- Altitude ....................................... 2000-meter max.
- Insulation Voltage ........................... 2500 VDC
- MTBF ........................................... Greater than 100K hours
- Relative Humidity ............................ 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- Weight ......................................... 0.5 lbs.

11. **AC VOLTAGE TRANSDUCERS – SINGLE PHASE**

11.1 **Input**
- Range ........................................... 0 VAC to: 50, 150, 250, 500, 600 VAC
- Overload ....................................... 2x voltage range selected
- Frequency Range ............................ 20 Hz to 5 kHz

11.2 **Output**
- Basic Accuracy ............................... 0.5%
- Linearity ....................................... 10% to 100% F.S.
- Calibration .................................... True RMS sensing
- Thermal Drift ................................. 500 PPM/°C
- Response Time ............................... 250 ms

11.3 **Environmental and Physical Characteristics**
- Operating Temperature .................... 0°C to +60°C
- Insulation Category ......................... CAT II
- Vibration Tested to ......................... IEC 60068-2-6, 1995
- Pollution Degree .............................. 2
- Altitude ....................................... 2000-meter max.
- Insulation Voltage ........................... 2500 VDC
- MTBF ........................................... Greater than 100K hours
- Relative Humidity ............................ 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- Weight ......................................... 0.5 lbs.
12. DC CURRENT TRANSDUCERS (Split Core)

12.1 Input
Range ........................................ 0 ADC to: 2, 5, 10, 20, 30, 50 up to 600 ADC
Overload .................................... 4x current range selected
Frequency Range ...................... DC only

12.2 Output
Basic Accuracy .......................... 1.0%
Linearity .................................. 10% to 100% F.S.
Thermal Drift ............................ 500 PPM/°C
Response Time ......................... 250 ms

12.3 Environmental and Physical Characteristics
Operating Temperature .............. 0°C to +50°C
Insulation Category .................. CAT II
Vibration Tested to .................. IEC 60068-2-6, 1995
Pollution Degree ...................... 2
Altitude ................................. 2000-meter max.
Insulation Voltage ..................... 2500 VDC
MTBF ................................ Greater than 100K hours
Relative Humidity .................. 5% to 95%, non-condensing
Weight .................................... 0.5 lbs.

13. AC CURRENT TRANSDUCERS – SINGLE PHASE (Split Core)

13.1 Input
Range ........................................ 0 AAC to: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50 up to 600 AAC
Overload .................................... 4x current range selected
Frequency Range ...................... 20 Hz to 5 kHz

13.2 Output
Basic Accuracy .......................... 0.5%
Linearity .................................. 10% to 100% F.S.
Calibration ............................... True RMS sensing
Thermal Drift ............................ 500 PPM/°C
Response Time ......................... 250 ms

13.3 Environmental and Physical Characteristics
Operating Temperature .............. 0°C to +60°C
Insulation Category .................. CAT II
Vibration Tested to .................. IEC 60068-2-6, 1995
Pollution Degree ...................... 2
Altitude ................................. 2000-meter max.
Insulation Voltage ..................... 2500 VDC
MTBF ................................ Greater than 100K hours
Relative Humidity .................. 5% to 95%, non-condensing
Weight .................................... 0.5 lbs.
PLATE MOUNTING HOLES TO
ADJUSTMENT PLATE BASE - 4 PL.

PLATE MOUNTING HOLES TO
ADJUSTMENT PLATE GUSSETS - 4 PL.

MATL: 6061-T6 AL. ALLOY
FINISH: CLEAR ANODIZE

NOTES:
1. PLATE TO BE MODIFIED TO SUIT CUSTOMER'S REQUIREMENTS.
16. DYNAMOMETER LAYOUT – LOAD CELL ON MOTOR (OPTION 1)
17. MOTOR ADAPTER PLATE – DB3M
18. DYNAMOMETER LAYOUT – DB3M-3.75-BM, L.C. ON MOTOR (OPTION 2)
19. CONTROLLER - DYNAMOMETER
20. NOMENCLATURE OF DYNAMOMETER PART NUMBER

DB5M-8.7T-FM

Motor Mounting Style:
FM = Face Mount
BM = Base Mount
CB = Carriage Base

Number of Brakes:
T = Tandem System
Omitting T = single brake system

Brake Size:
17.5 = MBZ-17.5 brake
8.7 = MBZ-8.7 brake
5.7 = MBZ-5.7 brake
3.7 = MBZ-3.75 brake
2.4 = MBZ-2.4 brake

Load Cell Location:
M = Measuring Motor Torque
B = Measuring Brake Torque

Centerline Distance:
3 = 3 inches from top of baseplate to centerline of motor shaft.
5 = 5 inches from top of baseplate to centerline of motor shaft

System Type:
B = Belt Coupled system
I = Inline system
D = Dynamometer

The load cell(s) size(s) and type(s) of voltage & Current transducers are to be specified individually.